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# **Grade 6 Assessment of Reading, Writing and Mathematics, Spring 2006**

*Student Booklet: Mathematics*

Scoring Guide

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Code	Description
B	Blank – nothing written or drawn in response
I	Illegible, Irrelevant, Off Topic
10	Application of knowledge and skills of displaying data in a broken-line graph using an appropriate scale shows limited effectiveness due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• misunderstanding of concepts</li> <li>• incorrect selection or misuse of procedures.</li> </ul>
20	Application of knowledge and skills of displaying data in a broken-line graph using an appropriate scale shows some effectiveness due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a partial understanding of concepts</li> <li>• errors and/or omissions in the application of procedures.</li> </ul>
30	Application of knowledge and skills of displaying data in a broken-line graph using an appropriate scale shows considerable effectiveness due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an understanding of most concepts</li> <li>• minor errors and/or omissions in the application of the procedures.</li> </ul>
40	Application of knowledge and skills of displaying data in a broken-line graph using an appropriate scale shows a high degree of effectiveness due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a thorough understanding of the concepts</li> <li>• an accurate application of the procedures. (minor errors do not detract from a thorough understanding).</li> </ul>

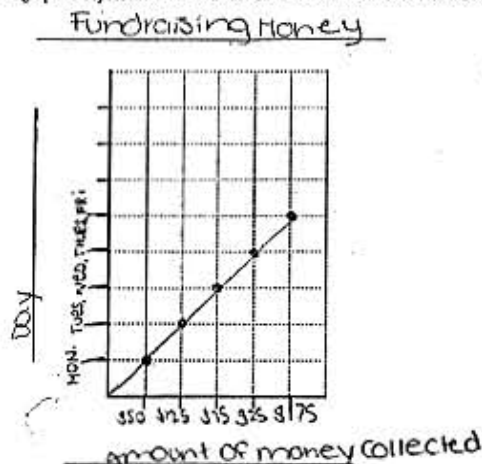
**Question 27**

**Code 10**

Ranjit makes the chart below to record the amount of money collected during a fundraising event.

Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Amount of Money Collected	\$50	\$125	\$75	\$25	\$175

Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.  
I chose this because I did each day of the week on the vertical axis and matched it up with the amount of \$ raised for each day. I connected it with a dot.

**Rationale :**

- Misunderstanding of concepts
- Misuse of procedures- inaccurate representation of the data

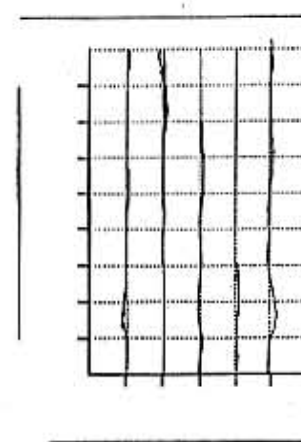
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Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.  
My choice of scale is lines

**Rationale :**

- Misunderstanding of concepts
- Misuse of procedures- inaccurate representation of a broken line graph

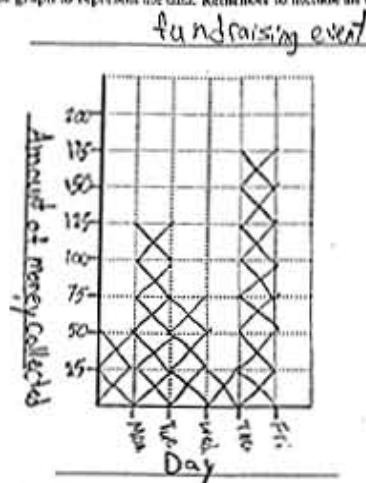
**Question 27**

**Code 20**

Ranjit makes the chart below to record the amount of money collected during a fundraising event.

Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Amount of Money Collected	\$50	\$75	\$75	\$25	\$175

Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.

I chose my titles by the ones given, and chose the numbers that I counted by-by reviewing 25 times table and noted that all the amounts of money given were there!

**Rationale :**

- Demonstrates a partial understanding of concepts
- Errors in the application of the procedures- display data using a bar graph

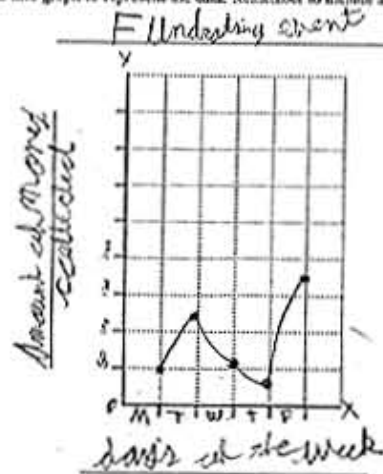
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Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.

My choice of the scale is a broken line graph because it is the most suitable for money graphs.

**Rationale :**

- Demonstrates a partial understanding of concepts
- Selected a scale that would require estimation

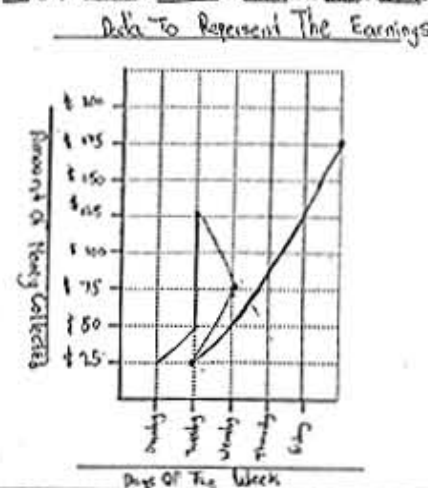
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Amount of Money Collected	\$50	\$125	\$75	\$25	\$175

Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale. When I chose my choice of scale I first looked at the titles on the top to see the data and the title earnings that I looked at the money amount again to see how much it shall go up by and in it suitable. Next I looked at the days which are listed above the earnings then I placed it at the bottom.

**Rationale :**

- Demonstrates a partial understanding of concepts
- Inaccurate plotting and joining of points

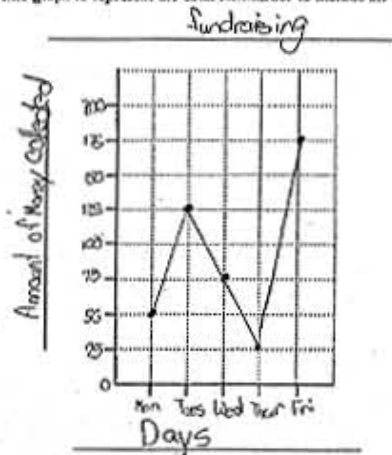
**Question 27**

**Code 30**

Ranjit makes the chart below to record the amount of money collected during a fundraising event.

Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Amount of Money Collected	\$50	\$125	\$75	\$25	\$175

Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.

I started with 25 because their are all multiples of 25.

**Rationale :**

- Application of knowledge and skills of displaying data in a broken-line graph using an appropriate scale shows considerable effectiveness
- Explanation for choice of scale does not mention the range

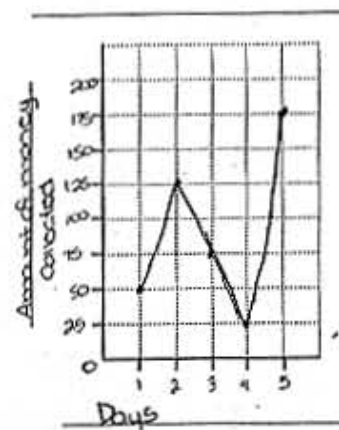
**Question 27**

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Ranjit makes the chart below to record the amount of money collected during a fundraising event.

Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Amount of Money Collected	\$50	\$125	\$75	\$25	\$175

Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.

I picked it because if I use 30 it would be too low so I that's why I picked it.

**Rationale :**

- Demonstrates an understanding of most concepts
- Minor errors and omissions in the application of the procedures- title is missing and the explanation for choice of scale does not mention the range

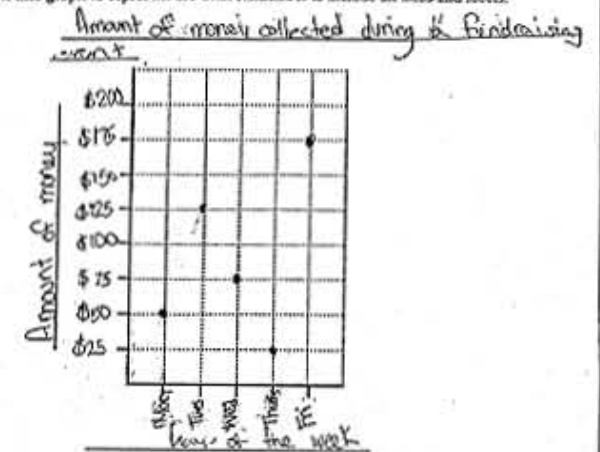
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Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Amount of Money Collected	\$50	\$125	\$75	\$25	\$175

Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.

I chose 25, because all of the numbers are a multiple of 25.

**Rationale :**

- Demonstrates an understanding of most concepts
- Minor errors and omissions in the application of the procedures- points are not connected and the explanation for choice of scale does not mention the range

**EQAO Grade 6 Assessment,  
Scoring Guide - Mathematics – Spring 2006**

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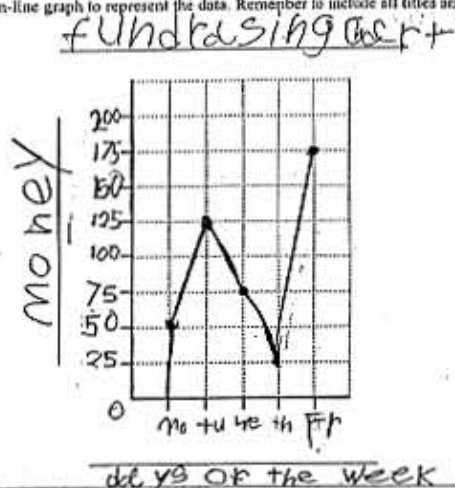
**Question 27**

**Code 40**

Ranjit makes the chart below to record the amount of money collected during a fundraising event.

Day	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Amount of Money Collected	\$50	\$125	\$75	\$25	\$175

Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.  
 I think it is more convenient because if the amounts of money rang between 25 and 175 if I count up by 25 I get to 75 in 7 numbers and that's as many numbers I need.

**Rationale :**

- Demonstrates a thorough understanding of the concepts
- Accurate application of the procedures- broken-line graph is completed accurately and the explanation for the choice of scale is appropriate

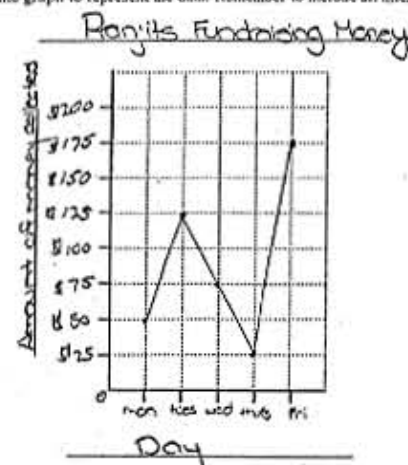
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Amount of Money Collected	\$50	\$125	\$75	\$25	\$175

Make a broken-line graph to represent the data. Remember to include all titles and labels.



Explain your choice of scale.  
 The reason why I chose to list my numbers on the graph by 25's was because since all of the numbers were multiples of 25 that would be the easiest way for me to list the data that way. So if I listed the data by 5's because they are all multiples of 5 then the numbers would be off the graph.

**Rationale :**

- Demonstrates a thorough understanding of the concepts
- Accurate application of the procedures- broken-line graph is completed accurately and the explanation for the choice of scale is appropriate



Code	Description
B	Blank – nothing written or drawn in response
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10	<p>Problem-solving process of applying patterning strategies shows limited effectiveness due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>minimal evidence of a solution process</li> <li>limited identification of important elements of the problem</li> <li>too much emphasis on unimportant elements</li> <li>no conclusions presented</li> <li>conclusion presented without supporting evidence</li> </ul>
20	<p>Problem-solving process of applying patterning strategies shows some effectiveness due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>an incomplete solution process</li> <li>identification of some of the important elements of the problem</li> <li>some understanding of the relationships between important elements of the problem</li> <li>simple conclusions with little supporting evidence</li> </ul>
30	<p>Problem-solving process of applying patterning strategies shows considerable effectiveness due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a solution process that is nearly complete</li> <li>identification of most of the important elements of the problem</li> <li>a considerable understanding of the relationships between important elements of the problem</li> <li>appropriate conclusions with supporting evidence</li> </ul>
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**Question 28** **Code 10**

A carpenter is replacing some missing steps at the front of Dena's house. The bottom three steps are missing. He wants to use the same heights for the new steps as the old steps. The carpenter measures the height from the ground to the top of each remaining step.

- The fourth step is 66 cm from the ground.
- The fifth step is 82.5 cm from the ground.
- The sixth step is 99 cm from the ground.

The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.

The carpenter plan is wrong because he did not make all of the stairs increase by the same height.

**Rationale :**

- Conclusion presented without supporting evidence
- No evidence of where 26, 33, 53 came from

**Question 28** **Code 10**

A carpenter is replacing some missing steps at the front of Dena's house. The bottom three steps are missing. He wants to use the same heights for the new steps as the old steps. The carpenter measures the height from the ground to the top of each remaining step.

- The fourth step is 66 cm from the ground.
- The fifth step is 82.5 cm from the ground.
- The sixth step is 99 cm from the ground.

The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.

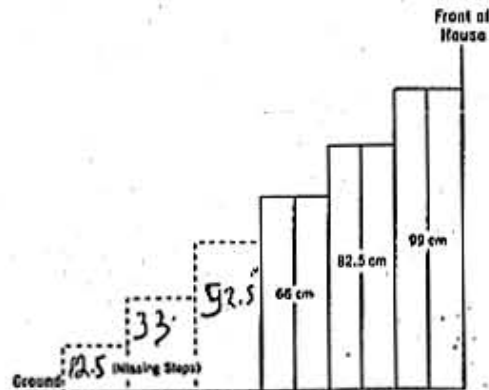
I measured the First Three steps to see what the height was

**Rationale :**

- Although the answers are in ascending order (20, 25, 40) there is no evidence of a solution process
- Conclusion presented without supporting evidence

Question 28

Code 20



The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.



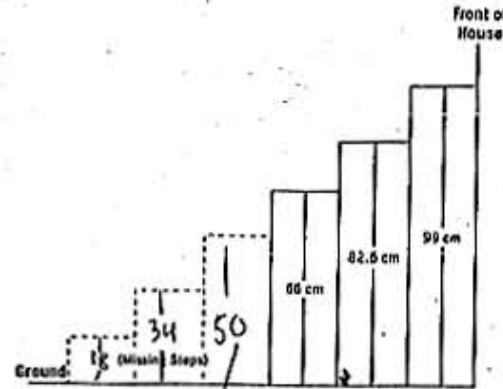
You have to find the pattern from 66 you go to 52.5 cm to 33 cm to 12.5 cm

Rationale :

- Incomplete solution process
- Identification of some of the important elements of the problem- ascending order and a "pattern"
- Has a simple conclusion with little supporting evidence

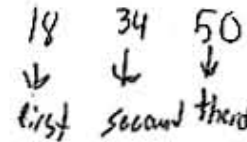
Question 28

Code 20



The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.



I added 16 to each number.

Rationale :

- Incomplete solution process
- Identification of some of the important elements of the problem- ascending order, "added 16 to each number"
- No evidence of where the 1<sup>st</sup> came from

Question 28

Code 20

The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.

The difference between each step is 16.5.

$$\begin{array}{r} 66 \text{ cm} \quad 82.5 \text{ cm} \\ - 2.5 \text{ cm} \quad - 9 \text{ cm} \\ \hline 16.5 \quad 16.5 \end{array}$$

Rationale :

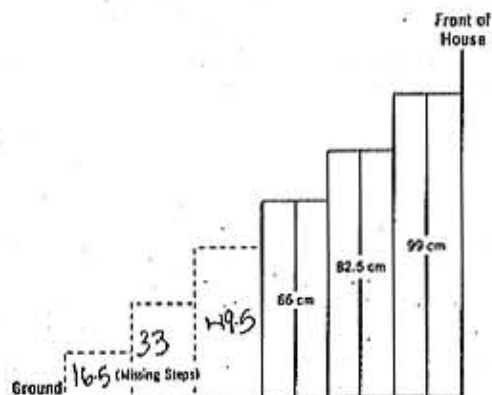
- Incomplete solution process
- Identification of some of the important elements of the problem- difference being 16.5 m for each step
- Did not use the difference to calculate the height of the other 2 stairs

**Question 28**

**Code 30**

A carpenter is replacing some missing steps at the front of Dena's house. The bottom three steps are missing. He wants to use the same heights for the new steps as the old steps. The carpenter measures the height from the ground to the top of each remaining step.

- The fourth step is 66 cm from the ground.
- The fifth step is 82.5 cm from the ground.
- The sixth step is 99 cm from the ground.



The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.

$$66 - 16.5 = 49.5 \quad 49.5 - 16.5 = 33 \quad 33 - 16.5 = 16.5$$

**Rationale :**

- Solution process that is nearly complete- does not show where 16.5 comes from
- Appropriate conclusions with supporting evidence

**Question 28**

**Code 30**

The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.

$$16.5 + 16.5 = 33$$

$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ step} = 33 \text{ cm}$$

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ step} = 49.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$3^{\text{rd}} \text{ step} = 66 \text{ cm}$$

$$33 + 16.5 = 49.5$$

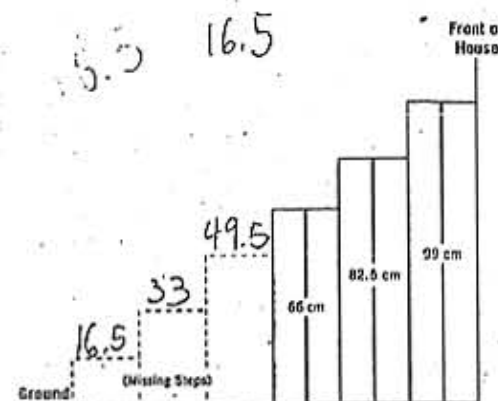
$$49.5 + 16.5 = 66$$

**Rationale :**

- A solution process that is nearly complete- does not identify first step
- Considerable understanding of the relationships between important elements of the problem

**Question 28**

**Code 30**



The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.

The first step is 16.5 cm.  
The second step is 33 cm.  
The third step is 49.5 cm.  
Each step goes up by 16.5 cm each time.

**Rationale :**

- Solution process that is nearly complete- does not show where 16.5 comes from
- Appropriate conclusions with supporting evidence



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40	<p>Problem-solving process of applying patterning strategies shows a high degree of effectiveness due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a complete solution process</li> <li>identification of all important elements of the problem</li> <li>a thorough understanding of the relationships between all of the important elements of the problem</li> <li>appropriate conclusions with thorough and insightful supporting evidence</li> </ul> <p>(i.e. determines an equal step height of 16.5 cm and accurately calculates the missing steps as 16.5 cm, 33 cm and 49.5 cm)</p>

Question 28

Code 40

The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.

$$\begin{aligned}
 99 - 82.5 &= 16.5 \\
 82.5 - 66 &= 16.5 \\
 66 - 16.5 &= 49.5 \\
 49.5 - 16.5 &= 33 \\
 33 \div 16.5 &= 16.5
 \end{aligned}$$

The height of the first is 16.5cm from the ground. The second step is 33cm from the ground. The third step is 49.5cm from the ground.

Rationale :

- Shows a complete solution process
- Identifies all important elements
- Appropriate solution with complete (thorough) and well organized (insightful) supporting evidence

Question 28

Code 40

The carpenter plans to make each step increase by the same amount.  
What are the heights of the first, second and third steps?

Show or explain your work.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 99.0\text{cm} \\
 - 82.5\text{cm} \\
 \hline
 16.5\text{cm}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{r}
 66\text{cm} \\
 - 16.5\text{cm} \\
 \hline
 49.5\text{cm}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{r}
 49.5\text{cm} \\
 - 16.5\text{cm} \\
 \hline
 33.0\text{cm}
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{r}
 33.0\text{cm} \\
 - 16.5\text{cm} \\
 \hline
 16.5\text{cm}
 \end{array}$$

Step 3 is 49.5 cm Step 2 is 33.0 cm Step 1 is 16.5 cm.

Rationale :

- Shows a complete solution process
- A thorough understanding of the relationships between all of the important elements of the problem
- Well organized and thorough supporting evidence

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Question 29	Code 10
<p>The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of <math>36 \text{ m}^2</math>. The ceiling needs 5 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers <math>25 \text{ m}^2</math>.</p> <p>About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?</p>	
<p>Explain your thinking.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p><u>4</u> cans of paint are needed.</p> </div>	
<p><b>Rationale :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Conclusion presented without supporting evidence</li> </ul>	

Question 29	Code 10
<p>The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of <math>36 \text{ m}^2</math>. The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers <math>25 \text{ m}^2</math>.</p> <p>About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?</p>	
<p>Explain your thinking.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>I divide <math>3\sqrt{36}</math>. The Answer was 12 so I put 12.</p> <div style="float: right; text-align: right;"> <math display="block">\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ 3 \overline{) 36} \\ \underline{30} \phantom{0} \\ 60 \\ \underline{60} \\ 0 \end{array}</math> <math display="block">\begin{array}{r} 120 \\ 3 \overline{) 360} \\ \underline{36} \phantom{0} \\ 00 \\ \underline{00} \\ 00 \\ \underline{00} \\ 00 \\ \underline{00} \\ 00 \end{array}</math> </div> </div> <p><u>12</u> cans of paint are needed.</p>	
<p><b>Rationale :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimal evidence of a solution process</li> <li>Limited identification of important elements of the problem</li> </ul>	

Question 29

Code 20

The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of  $36 \text{ m}^2$ . The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers  $25 \text{ m}^2$ .

About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?

Explain your thinking.

$$\begin{array}{r} + 25 \\ 25 \\ \hline 50 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 50 \\ 36 \\ \hline 14 \end{array}$$

2 cans of paint are needed.

Rationale :

- An incomplete solution process- states correctly how many cans would be required for one coat of paint

Question 29

Code 20

The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of  $36 \text{ m}^2$ . The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers  $25 \text{ m}^2$ .

About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?

Explain your thinking.

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \text{ m}^2 \text{ (area of ceiling)} \\ - 25 \text{ m}^2 \text{ (area per can of paint)} \\ \hline 11 \text{ m}^2 \end{array}$$

10 cans of paint      1 can of paint

~2 cans of paint are needed.

$$e. m^2 = m^2$$

Rationale :

- Incomplete solution process- deals with 1 coat of paint

Question 29

Code 20

The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of  $36 \text{ m}^2$ . The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers  $25 \text{ m}^2$ .

About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?

Explain your thinking.

because 36 is > 25

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \overline{) 36} \\ \underline{25} \\ 11 \end{array}$$

than 25 you need extra paint for that little bit extra.

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 43 \end{array}$$

43 cans of paint are needed.

Rationale :

- Some understanding of the relationship between the important elements of the problem- first deals with 1 coat of paint, multiplies incorrectly by 3

Question 29

Code 30

The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of  $36 \text{ m}^2$ . The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers  $25 \text{ m}^2$ .

About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?

Explain your thinking.

1 multiplied  $36 \text{ m}^2$  by 3 and got 108. Then divided 108 by 25 and got 4.32.

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 75 \\ 36 \\ \hline 108 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4.32 \\ \times 25 \\ \hline 216 \\ 108 \\ \hline 108 \end{array}$$

4.32 cans of paint are needed.

Rationale :

- A solution process that is nearly complete- states that 4.32 cans of paint are required, does not round up to 5

Question 29

Code 30

The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of  $36 \text{ m}^2$ . The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers  $25 \text{ m}^2$ .

About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?

Explain your thinking.

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 108 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 25 \overline{)108} \\ \underline{-100} \\ 8 \end{array}$$

4 cans of paint are needed.

Rationale :

- A solution process that is nearly complete- does not complete division

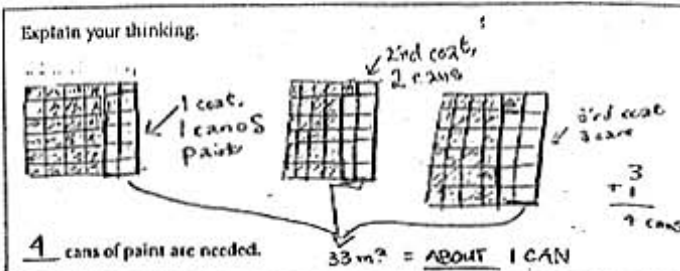
Question 29

Code 30

The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of  $36 \text{ m}^2$ . The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers  $25 \text{ m}^2$ .

About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?

Explain your thinking.



Rationale :

- A solution process that is nearly complete



Code	Description
B	Blank – nothing written or drawn in response
I	Illegible, Irrelevant, Off Topic
10	<p>Problem-solving process to use and verify estimation strategies shows limited effectiveness due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>minimal evidence of a solution process</li> <li>limited identification of important elements of the problem</li> <li>too much emphasis on unimportant</li> <li>no conclusions presented</li> <li>conclusion presented without supporting evidence</li> </ul>
20	<p>Problem-solving process to use and verify estimation strategies shows some effectiveness due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>an incomplete solution process</li> <li>identification of some of the important elements of the problem</li> <li>some understanding of the relationships between important elements of the problem</li> <li>simple conclusions with little supporting evidence</li> </ul>
30	<p>Problem-solving process to use and verify estimation strategies shows considerable effectiveness due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a solution process that is nearly complete</li> <li>identification of most of the important elements of the problem</li> <li>a considerable understanding of the relationships between important elements of the problem</li> <li>appropriate conclusions with supporting evidence</li> </ul>
40	<p>Problem-solving process to use and verify estimation strategies shows a high degree of effectiveness due to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a complete solution process</li> <li>identification of all important elements of the problem</li> <li>a thorough understanding of the relationships between all of the important elements of the problem</li> <li>appropriate conclusions with thorough and insightful supporting evidence</li> </ul> <p>(i.e. uses an appropriate strategy to determine that 5 cans will be needed <math>3 \times 36 = 108 \text{ m}^2</math>, <math>108 / 25 = 4 \text{ r } 8</math>, 5 cans needed)</p>

Question 29	Code 40
<p>The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of <math>36 \text{ m}^2</math>. The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers <math>25 \text{ m}^2</math>.</p> <p>About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?</p>	
<p>Explain your thinking.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">I think 5 because 3 36, add 5 up to 108 and 125 or 5 cans is the closest I can get</p> <p>5 cans of paint are needed.</p>	
<p><b>Rationale :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identification of all important elements of the problem</li> <li>A complete solution process</li> </ul>	

Question 29	Code 40
<p>The rectangular ceiling of a room has an area of <math>36 \text{ m}^2</math>. The ceiling needs 3 coats of paint. Each can of paint covers <math>25 \text{ m}^2</math>.</p> <p>About how many cans of paint are needed to paint the ceiling?</p>	
<p>Explain your thinking.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1 can <math>\frac{36}{25} = 1 \text{ r } 11</math> 2 can <math>\frac{36}{25} = 1 \text{ r } 11</math> 3 can <math>\frac{36}{25} = 1 \text{ r } 11</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;">4 can <math>\frac{36}{25} = 1 \text{ r } 11</math> 5 can <math>\frac{36}{25} = 1 \text{ r } 11</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;">5 cans</p> <p>5 cans of paint are needed.</p>	
<p><b>Rationale :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A complete solution process</li> </ul>	

Code	Description
B	Blank – nothing written or drawn in response
I	Illegible, Irrelevant, Off Topic
10	Application of knowledge and skills of transformational geometry shows limited effectiveness due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>misunderstanding of concepts</li> <li>incorrect selection or misuse of procedures</li> </ul>
20	Application of knowledge and skills of transformational geometry shows some effectiveness due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a partial understanding of concepts</li> <li>errors and/or omissions in the application of procedures</li> </ul>
30	Application of knowledge and skills of transformational geometry shows considerable effectiveness due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>an understanding of most concepts</li> <li>minor errors and/or omissions in the application of the procedures</li> </ul>
40	Application of knowledge and skills of transformational geometry shows a high degree of effectiveness due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a thorough understanding of the concepts</li> <li>an accurate application of the procedures                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i.e. shows and explains with accurate detail two transformations of triangle MNP</li> </ul> </li> </ul> (minor errors do not detract from a thorough understanding)

**Question 30**                      **Code 10**

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.

Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

I slide the shape counter clockwise - 4 times.

**Rationale :**

- A misunderstanding of concepts by using the term “slide” instead of “turn” or “rotation”
- The procedures are incorrect, only one type of transformation shown

**Question 30**                      **Code 10**

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.

Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

moved  $\triangle MNP$  one unit down and five units to the side.

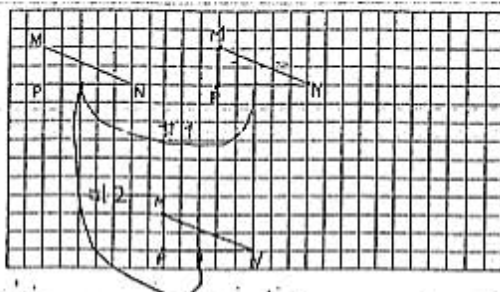
**Rationale :**

- Misunderstanding of concepts- the explanation of the two transformations does not match what is shown in the diagram and correct terms have not been used

Question 30

Code 20

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.



Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

For my first transformation I moved triangle MNP 10 boxes/units to the right.  
For my second transformation I moved triangle MNP 9 boxes/units down and 4 boxes/units to the right.

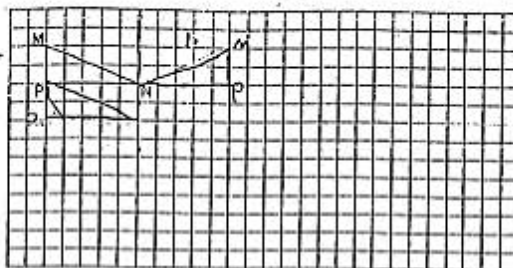
Rationale :

- Some omissions in the application of the procedures, only one type of transformation used
- Partial understanding of concepts, correct terminology not used

Question 30

Code 20

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.



Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

Flip the triangle for the first one. Then slide the triangle down once for the second one.

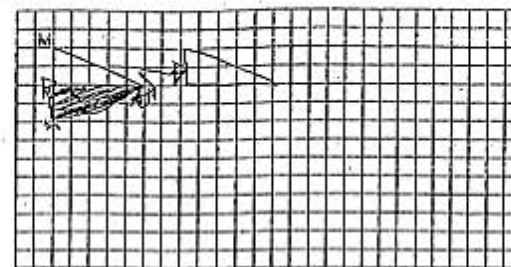
Rationale :

- Partial understanding of the concepts, correct terminology not used
- The translation is not effectively described, "slide the triangle down once", while the diagram indicates a translation of the figure 2 units down

Question 30

Code 20

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.



Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

this is a flip.  
 this is a slide

Rationale :

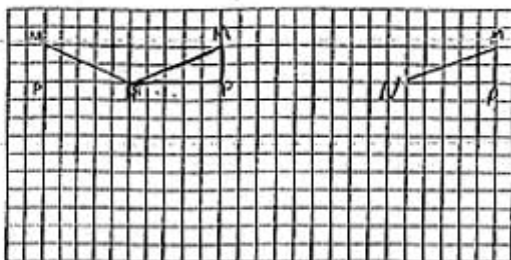
- Partial understanding of the concepts- did not use the correct terminology



Question 30

Code 30

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.



Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

First it reflected to the right. Then it translated 16 units to the right.

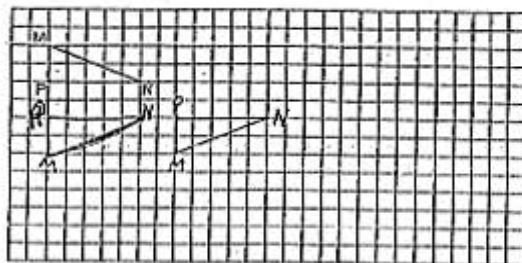
Rationale :

- Minor omission in the application of the procedures- no line of reflection indicated
- Uses terminology "reflected" and "translated"

Question 30

Code 30

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.



Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

First I reflected the O's image the got N1 the I translated it (N1) 7 to the Right to get N2.

$O = \text{origin}$      $N1 = \text{New image 1}$      $N2 = \text{New image 2}$

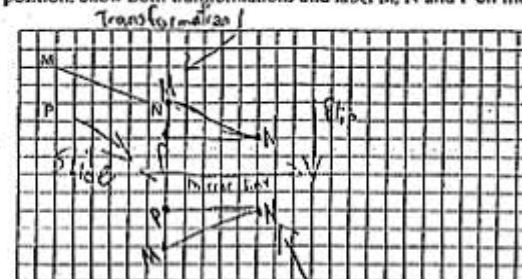
Rationale :

- Minor omission in the application of the procedures- no line of reflection indicated
- Uses terminology "reflected" and "translated"

Question 30

Code 30

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.



Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

The first transformation will be a slide Right 6 and down 2.

The second transformation will be a flip over a vertical mirror line.

Rationale :

- Demonstrates an understanding of most of the concepts using two different transformations and indicating the "mirror line".
- Did not use the correct terminology- "flip" rather than "reflection", "slide" rather than "translation"



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B	Blank – nothing written or drawn in response
I	Illegible, Irrelevant, Off Topic
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40	Application of knowledge and skills of transformational geometry shows a high degree of effectiveness due to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a thorough understanding of the concepts</li> <li>an accurate application of the procedures                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i.e. shows and explains with accurate detail two transformations of triangle MNP</li> </ul> </li> </ul> (minor errors do not detract from a thorough understanding)

**Question 30** **Code 40**

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.

Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

I translated the figure 8 units to the right and 4 units down.  
Then I rotated the figure  $\frac{1}{2}$  a turn to its image.

**Rationale :**

- Shows and explains with accurate detail two consecutive transformations using correct terminology
- Indicates the rotation point on diagram

**Question 30** **Code 40**

Use two transformations of different types to move the triangle on the grid below to a new position. Show both transformations and label M, N and P on the new figure.

Explain your two transformations, using the correct name for each transformation.

1) I did a vertical flip (reflection)  
2) I translated (slid) the shape 8 units right and 2 units down

**Rationale :**

- Shows and explains with accurate detail two transformations using correct terminology
- The fact that they are not consecutive transformations is a 'minor' error